- (d) A certificate of accreditation issued under this subpart is valid for no more than 2 years. In the event of a non-compliance determination as a result of a random sample validation or complaint inspection, a laboratory will be subject to a full review by HHS in accordance with §488.11 of this chapter.
- (e) Failure to meet the applicable requirements of part 493, will result in an action by HHS to suspend, revoke or limit the certificate of accreditation. HHS will—
- (1) Provide the laboratory with a statement of grounds on which the determination of noncompliance is based;
- (2) Notify the laboratory if it is eligible to apply for a certificate as defined in subpart C of this part; and
- (3) Offer an opportunity for appeal as provided in subpart R of this part.
- (f) If the laboratory requests a hearing within the time frame specified by HHS-
- (1) It retains its certificate of accreditation or reissued certificate of accreditation until a decision is made by an administrative law judge as provided in subpart R of this part, unless HHS finds that conditions at the laboratory pose an imminent and serious risk to human health; and
- (2) For those laboratories receiving payments from the Medicare or Medicaid program, such payments will be suspended on the effective date specified in the notice to the laboratory even if there has been no appeals decision issued.
- (g) In the event the accreditation organization's approval is removed by HHS, the laboratory will be subject to the applicable requirements of subpart C of this part or §493.57.
- (h) A laboratory seeking to renew its certificate of accreditation must—
- (1) Complete and return the renewal application to HHS 9 to 12 months prior to the expiration of the certificate of accreditation;
- (2) Meet the requirements of this subpart; and
- (3) Submit the certificate of accreditation fee specified in subpart F of this part.
- (i) If HHS determines that the renewal application for a certificate of accreditation is to be denied or lim-

- ited, HHS will notify the laboratory in writing of—
- (1) The basis for denial of the application:
- (2) Whether the laboratory is eligible for a certificate as defined in subpart C of this part;
- (3) The opportunity for appeal on HHS's action to deny the renewal application for certificate of accreditation as provided in subpart R of this part. If the laboratory requests a hearing within the time frame specified by HHS, it retains its certificate of accreditation or reissued certificate of accreditation until a decision is made by an administrative law judge as provided in subpart R of this part, unless HHS finds that conditions at the laboratory pose an imminent and serious risk to human health; and
- (4) Suspension of payments under Medicare or Medicaid for those laboratories receiving payments under the Medicare or Medicaid programs.

[57 FR 7144, Feb. 28, 1992, as amended at 58 FR 5224, Jan. 19, 1993]

## § 493.63 Notification requirements for laboratories issued a certificate of accreditation.

Laboratories issued a certificate of accreditation must:

- (a) Notify HHS and the approved accreditation program within 30 days of any changes in—
  - (1) Ownership;
  - (2) Name;
  - (3) Location; or
  - (4) Director.
- (b) Notify the approved accreditation program no later than 6 months after performing any test or examination within a specialty or subspecialty area that is not included in the laboratory's accreditation, so that the accreditation organization can determine compliance and a new certificate of accreditation can be issued.
- (c) Notify the accreditation program no later than 6 months after of any deletions or changes in test methodologies for any test or examination included in a specialty or subspecialty, or both, for which the laboratory has been issued a certificate of accreditation.